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1M.Sc.(CS)5

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Master of Science (CS) (First Semester)

Examination, May/June, 2015

*Communicative English

Duration : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

[Min. Pass Marks : 32

Instructions :

1. The question paper is divided in *five* units. Each unit carries an internal choice.
2. Attempt *one* question from each unit. Thus attempt *five* questions in all.
3. *All* questions carry equal marks.
4. Candidate should write his/her Roll Number at the prescribed space on the question paper.

Unit I

1. (A) State which of the following sentences are compound and which are complex ? (any *four*)
8
(i) The horse reared and the rider was thrown.
(ii) Walk quickly, else you will not overtake him.
(iii) The town in which I live is very large.
(iv) I called him, but he gave me no answer.
(v) I agree to your proposals, for I think them reasonable.

P.T.O.

(B) Put a, an or the wherever necessary (any four) :

8

(i) She approached ~~a~~ table to put ~~the~~ glass of water on it.

(ii) ~~The~~ longest day has ~~a~~ shortest night.

(iii) ~~the~~ more they get, ~~the~~ more they want.

(iv) principal is not in town.

(v) French is more difficult to learn than English.

2/ (A) Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions :

8

(i) You must apologize him what you have done.

(ii) I cannot agree you in this matter and therefore I do not agree your proposal.

(iii) You can appeal a higher court and apply a fresh trial.

(iv) They brought a complaint the magistrate their neighbour.

(B) Transform the following sentences as instructed in the brackets :

8

(i) Can anyone bear such an insult ?

(Change into assertive sentence)

(ii) He is sometimes foolish.

(Change into negative form)

(iii) Tagore was a great poet.

(Change into interrogative form)

(iv) I do not like his behaviour.

(Change into affirmative)

Unit II

3. (A) Fill in the blanks with suitable modals :

8

(i) You.....do your duty.

(ii)I use your phone ?

(iii) She.....not do it.

(iv) If you do this, you.....be dismissed.

(B) Turn the following into indirect speech :

"What shall I bring you when I return ?" said the

daughter.

"Papa, I want a new dress," cried each of the

"And you Beauty, what would you have ?"

Beauty said very quietly, "A rose, father, just a beautiful rose, if you can find one".

4. / (A) Fill in the blanks with the suitable forms of the verbs given in the brackets :

8

- (i) Whenever I (go) to see him, he was out.
- (ii) He (sing) here last month.
- (iii) These boys (work) very hard since December.
- (iv) He has (grow) old in my service.

(B) Change the voice in the following sentences :

8

- (i) I saw him opening the box.
- (ii) By whom was this jug broken ?
- (iii) He made his wife do the work.
- (iv) The information is kept on our computer.

Unit III

5. Read the following passage :

All great thinkers live and move on the high plane of thought. It is only there they can breathe freely. It is only in contact with spirits like themselves they can live

... comes from ideal companionship.
The ... the highest altitudes of
... who did
... Greek and Hebrew writers, or
... in turn
... strongest argument
... his genius
... under
Shakespeare ...

...
...
highest ...
fulfillment here, are ...
comes our sublime discontent. You will notice that your first sensation after
reading a great book is one of melancholy and dissatisfaction. The ideas, sentiments,
expressions are so far beyond those of ordinary working life that you cannot turn
aside from one to the other without an acute sensation and consciousness of the
contrast. And the principles are so lofty, so superhuman that it is positive pain.

if once you become imbued with them, to come down and mix in the squalid surroundings of ordinary humanity. It may be spiritual or intellectual pride that is engendered on high plane of intellectual life. But whatever it is, it become inevitable. A habitual meditation on the vast problems that underlines human life, and are knit into human destinies—thought of immortality, of littleness of mere man, of the greatness of man's soul, of the splendours of the universe that are invisible to the ordinary traffickers in the street. These things do not fit men to understand the average human beings. Therefore great thinkers move to solitude.

(A) Answer the following questions based on the above passage : 8

- (i) On what planes must great thinkers live and move ?
- (ii) Is a liberal education necessary to produce great literature ?
- (iii) Why does the reading of a great book, according to the author, make one melancholy and disappointed ?
- (iv) What are the things that make it hard to understand the average human being ?

(B) Write a precis of a given passage in approximately one-third of its length and give a suitable title to it. 8

6. (A) Write a paragraph (expansion) on the given idea in about **150** words : 8

"However mean your life is, meet it and live it, do not shun it and call it hard names."

(B) Give precis of the given passage : 8

Gandhiji's greatest strength was belief in God. He fought for the freedom of India because he used to say that the best way to serve God was to serve his people, and therefore, when he worked for the happiness of the Indians he was also making God happy. Many times people would put a straight question to him asking him to prove that there is God and how we can know him. Gandhiji would admit frankly that he could not show God to anybody because his presence could be felt in the heart only. He was however, a lover of God and could not live without him. He once said, "If you do not give the air and water, I can still live but if you take away my belief in God, I shall die immediately."

Unit IV

7. Expand the idea in about **200** words on any *one* of the following : 16

- (i) Great talkers are never great doers.
- (ii) Slow and steady wins the race.
- (iii) It is great loss to man when he cannot laugh.

Read the following passage :

Debt make everything a temptation. It lowers a man in self respect, place him at the mercy of his tradesman and his servant, and renders him a slave in many respects, for he can no longer call himself his own master, nor boldly look the world in the face. It is also difficult for a man who is in debt to be truthful, hence it is said that lying rides on debt's back. The debtor has to frame excuse to his creditor for postponing payments of the money he owes him; and probably also to contrive falsehoods. It is easy enough for a man who will exercise a healthy resolution to avoid incurring the first obligation; but the facility with which that has been incurred often become a temptation to a second. And very soon the unfortunate borrower become so entangled that no late exertion of industry can set him free.

Now answer the following questions :

- (a) Make notes on the passage. 8
- (b) Summarise the points into a paragraph of 80 words giving a suitable title to it. 8

Unit V

9. Use the following easily confused pairs of words in your own sentences : 8

(a) (i) foreword — forward

(ii) accept — expect

Except 8

(b) Unjumble these words to make a sentence :

8

(i) wearing / a / is / she / dress / red.

(ii) orange / kept / an / on / table / is / the.

(iii) way / to / long / He / go / has / a.

(iv) dances / Priya / sings / very / and / well.

10. (A) Underline the nouns in the given sentences :

8

(i) My uncle lives in London.

(ii) The fruits are in the basket.

(iii) We go to school by bus.

(iv) I saw a lion in the zoo.

(B) Out of the given group of words, choose the misspelt one :

8

(i) (a) Specialist

(b) Symboiz

(c) Permanent

(d) Subdue

(ii) (a) Compliment

(b) Judgement

(c) Subtel

(d) Government

- (iii) (a) inexhaustible
(b) inexperienced
(c) inexplicable
(d) inaccessible
- (iv) (a) unanimous
(b) unambiguous
(c) unavoidable
(d) unimaginable